



Geometry: Properties of Shapes

		IDENTI	YING SHAPES AND THIEF	R PROPERTIES		
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
they correctly identify common 2D shapes- square, circle, triangle and shapes – cone, sphere, cube and cylinder.	 recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: * 2-D shapes [e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] * 3-D shapes [e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]. 	identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]		identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2- D representations	recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (appears also in Drawing and Constructing) illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
		1		O CONSTRUCTING	<u> </u>	
			draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials;	complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific	draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)	draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
			recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them	line of symmetry		recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (appears also in Identifying Shapes and Their Properties)











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			COMPARING AND C	LASSIFYING		
EYFS Compare similarities and differences in sets sort objects into two groups based on size, colour and shape.	Year 1	Year 2 compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects	Year 3	Year 4 compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes	Year 5 use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles	Year 6 compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
			ANGLES recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn		know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and	
			identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle identify horizontal and	identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size	 identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° 	recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straigh line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles









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	vertical lines and pairs of		
	perpendicular and parallel		
	lines		





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